

*Case Study***Snap, Inc. – Cash Flow Forecasting**

Snap, Inc. is a social networking venture that calls itself a “Camera Company.” The company has completed its 2016 fiscal year and is planning to go public in early 2017. Recently, the company announced its plan to raise around \$3 billion through an IPO with an indicated filing range of \$14 to \$16 per share.

As a fund manager of an actively managed mutual fund that seeks to invest in high-tech companies that have recently gone public, you must decide whether it would be a good idea to invest in Snap either by participating in the IPO or by purchasing shares in the aftermarket.

As a first step in the determination, you would like to assess how the company might be expected to perform over the next few years and how far the proceeds from a \$3 billion IPO would be able to carry the company. You have a number of expert analysts at your disposal and have asked them each to make optimistic, likely, and pessimistic revenue forecasts through the end of 2021. The analysts used a variety of different approaches to develop their forecasts and some of the analysts were quite a bit more optimistic than others. Their responses to your request are summarized in Exhibit 1.

As the next step of your assessment, you need to use the analysts’ forecasts and other information about the company to develop pro forma financial statement forecasts of net income and free cash flow. Information available from the company is quite limited. You have eight historical quarters of income statements and new investment totals, as well as two years of year-end balance sheets. This information is summarized in Exhibit 2.

The challenge you now face is to use this information and other sources that you may find useful to project the quarterly Snap cash flows. The ultimate goal is to estimate the ending cash balance over time. To the extent that this balance is negative but less than \$3 billion, it would appear that the projected IPO would provide enough financing up to that point, but there may be scenarios where the company would run out of cash quickly and others where it would not. Eventually, you will need to better understand how the risks of the business will affect cash needs, but to start you need to build an integrated financial forecast of a base case that you can use for sensitivity analysis and into which you can later model uncertainty with simulation.

In building your projections, you recognize that it will be important to “integrate” the financial statements. For example, if the statements are integrated then if you were to change the revenue growth assumptions, the full set of projections would update. That way, you will be able to use sensitivity analysis and simulation to analyze the financial projections. Your staff has prepared a template based on Exhibits 1 and 2, and extending to 2021 (tab “Free Cash Flow Forecast” in the “Snap Financial Forecast” Excel file). The template is based on the existing financial statements, but makes a few simplifying assumptions that are mentioned in Exhibit 2. Among them, you note that some historical expenses that would normally be paid in cash are instead compensated with Snap stock. Since this is unlikely to be an important practice going forward, the historical EBITDA calculations are stated as if those expenses had been paid in cash. Second, while the company reports some historical interest income and interest expense, as well as some non-operating income, these are expected to be of little importance going forward. Accordingly, in the template, those accounts are projected to be zero. Also, while the company has

substantial cash balances and marketable securities, those are considered to be artifacts of prior financing rounds so that, going forward, it will not be necessary for Snap to maintain large positive cash balances. Last, one technical detail is that the company has an accumulated deficit that may grow over time if losses continue. That balance can be used in the future to offset positive net income. To the extent that it does, the company will not need to pay income tax. Once the accumulated balance reaches zero, the corporate tax rate on income would be about 40%. The template already builds in the loss carry forward provision and applies the tax rate only to the extent that income is positive and the loss carry forward is exhausted.

To begin the analysis, you need to decide how to use the expert revenue projections (tab “Summary of Revenue Forecasts”). For example, is it a good idea to assume that they should be averaged with equal weighting as shown in Exhibit 1 or would it be better to weight the forecasts in some way? The other elements of the template also need to be completed in integrated ways. For example, it might make sense to assume that Cost of Revenue would be some percentage of Revenue. In that case, it would be important to specify Cost of Revenue as a formula. Ultimately, you will need to enter formulas into all the cells in the template that are indicated by “xx” and will have to replace the word “Total” with the appropriate summation calculation. The assumptions for the formulas should be linked to an assumption section of the spreadsheet or on a separate tab.

Note: Eventually, but not now, you also need to decide how to reflect the uncertainty about revenue in the pro forma financial statements. For example, you might try to incorporate a standard deviation, a standard deviation based on a weighted average, or a sampling approach based on weighting the 24 different projections. In any case, the projection needs to go into the template as an @Risk distribution function. It might be important to incorporate an @Risk distribution functions to some of the expenses or other items that would allow for the formula parameters to be higher or lower than the expected percentage. You will want to be careful in building the integrated forecast that you keep in mind the eventual need to add simulation.

## Exhibit 1

### Summary of Snap Inc. Revenue Forecasts (000)

Analyst	31-Mar-17	30-Jun-17	30-Sep-17	31-Dec-17	31-Mar-18	30-Jun-18	30-Sep-18	31-Dec-18	31-Mar-19	30-Jun-19	30-Sep-19	31-Dec-19	31-Mar-20	30-Jun-20	30-Sep-20	31-Dec-20	31-Mar-21	30-Jun-21	30-Sep-21	31-Dec-21
<b>Optimistic Forecasts</b>																				
A	212,927	275,746	360,344	475,240	631,444	841,969	1,120,258	1,477,290	1,917,116	2,461,800	3,128,231	3,933,615	4,894,629	6,026,289	7,340,527	8,844,476	10,538,517	12,414,204	14,452,227	16,620,654
B	446,096	530,295	617,015	718,319	824,432	946,419	1,086,684	1,247,996	1,422,061	1,621,122	1,848,876	2,109,585	2,378,269	2,682,026	3,025,544	3,414,157	3,834,913	4,309,392	4,844,700	5,448,912
C	152,407	189,515	210,735	270,318	261,537	304,186	334,814	402,550	370,354	422,515	470,495	610,567	594,889	638,307	666,070	735,587	726,142	752,642	769,010	809,140
D	442,549	585,511	759,250	982,370	1,175,371	1,394,624	1,640,859	1,913,993	2,212,923	2,536,792	2,883,623	3,247,600	3,623,584	4,007,161	4,391,732	4,768,577	5,132,319	5,472,762	5,782,989	6,050,689
E	327,320	590,974	990,914	1,535,920	2,189,085	2,851,320	3,369,612	3,744,565	4,122,672	4,496,494	4,857,899	5,198,316	5,509,044	5,838,347	6,187,333	6,557,179	6,949,134	7,364,517	7,804,730	8,271,256
F	174,555	310,267	534,681	666,205	632,904	1,083,147	1,791,075	2,138,286	1,837,513	3,004,884	4,730,393	5,363,941	4,104,047	6,343,120	9,395,377	9,985,593	6,659,993	9,562,139	13,071,207	12,731,539
G	172,123	203,088	229,114	289,302	272,479	321,498	362,698	457,979	431,347	508,947	574,168	725,002	682,843	805,687	908,936	1,147,713	1,080,973	1,275,441	1,438,888	1,816,884
H	130,258	173,118	225,390	283,789	258,033	323,263	399,176	464,978	422,682	510,345	618,417	701,543	654,436	777,473	909,938	1,005,645	1,013,261	1,184,423	1,338,883	1,441,569
<b>Base Forecasts</b>																				
A	206,551	257,261	320,326	398,859	496,541	617,455	765,706	944,781	1,155,288	1,399,595	1,678,858	1,992,633	2,338,336	2,710,738	3,101,594	3,499,476	3,889,948	4,256,118	4,579,617	4,841,973
B	439,178	505,489	577,909	660,743	746,856	840,163	940,596	1,050,523	1,168,541	1,299,961	1,446,321	1,609,339	1,779,834	1,968,540	2,177,420	2,408,648	2,657,733	2,932,876	3,236,837	3,572,670
C	161,707	201,308	228,408	297,933	279,662	323,797	361,624	443,090	389,200	419,063	447,695	551,154	535,947	570,207	594,518	654,823	645,789	666,430	680,637	715,157
D	255,351	337,840	438,087	566,827	678,189	804,698	946,776	1,104,374	1,276,857	1,463,729	1,663,851	1,873,865	2,090,808	2,312,132	2,534,030	2,751,469	2,961,348	3,157,784	3,336,784	3,491,248
E	309,316	475,156	592,791	664,859	738,841	813,446	887,205	958,514	1,025,681	1,086,991	1,151,966	1,220,824	1,293,799	1,371,136	1,453,095	1,539,954	1,632,004	1,729,557	1,832,941	1,942,504
F	145,045	255,888	437,708	540,774	439,834	739,749	1,201,421	1,405,074	1,027,252	1,627,470	2,476,771	2,701,686	1,748,717	2,559,145	2,827,093	2,948,156	2,530,892	2,869,942	2,980,203	3,107,112
G	137,698	162,470	183,291	231,442	217,983	257,198	290,158	366,383	345,078	407,157	459,335	580,002	546,275	644,549	727,148	918,170	864,779	1,020,352	1,151,111	1,453,507
H	109,025	144,899	188,650	237,530	185,403	232,273	286,818	334,098	268,987	324,774	393,549	446,449	373,388	443,586	519,164	573,769	518,310	605,863	684,874	737,400
<b>Pessimistic Forecasters</b>																				
A	195,576	230,852	272,400	321,019	377,220	440,992	511,580	587,396	666,128	751,752	844,207	943,300	1,048,695	1,159,903	1,276,277	1,397,014	1,521,155	1,647,600	1,775,121	1,902,380
B	432,307	488,571	550,556	620,464	690,170	760,255	829,246	900,021	976,837	1,060,210	1,150,698	1,248,911	1,355,506	1,471,201	1,596,770	1,733,058	1,880,979	2,041,526	2,215,777	2,404,903
C	171,007	213,127	246,646	327,063	297,572	342,969	388,571	485,031	405,842	410,962	420,451	489,605	475,159	501,228	522,167	573,602	565,139	580,642	592,771	621,965
D	126,127	166,871	216,386	279,975	334,981	397,468	467,645	545,488	630,683	722,986	821,833	925,566	1,032,721	1,142,041	1,251,644	1,359,044	1,462,711	1,559,737	1,648,152	1,724,446
E	235,990	276,796	296,348	314,229	333,189	353,293	374,610	397,213	421,179	446,592	473,539	502,111	532,407	564,531	598,593	634,711	673,007	713,615	756,673	802,328
F	145,045	255,888	437,708	540,774	384,362	614,207	932,273	1,078,204	662,947	982,926	1,373,765	1,453,877	741,304	1,007,707	1,320,421	1,397,378	702,955	973,363	1,238,826	1,356,227
G	103,274	121,853	137,468	173,581	163,487	192,899	217,619	274,787	258,808	305,368	344,501	435,001	409,706	483,412	545,361	688,628	648,584	765,264	863,333	1,090,131
H	87,793	116,680	151,911	191,271	124,680	156,199	192,880	224,675	157,539	190,213	230,493	261,475	193,452	229,822	268,978	297,269	237,551	277,678	313,890	337,964
<b>Annual</b>	<b>Equal-weighted Average</b>		<u>1,382,564</u>		<u>2,972,289</u>		<u>5,235,503</u>		<u>8,298,746</u>		<u>12,006,031</u>									
<b>Average</b>	221,634	294,561	383,501	482,867	530,594	664,729	820,829	956,137	982,230	1,185,944	1,437,081	1,630,249	1,622,408	1,927,429	2,255,822	2,493,087	2,472,006	2,838,911	3,224,591	3,470,523
<b>% for Qtr.</b>	16.0%	21.3%	27.7%	34.9%	17.9%	22.4%	27.6%	32.2%	18.8%	22.7%	27.4%	31.1%	19.6%	23.2%	27.2%	30.0%	20.6%	23.6%	26.9%	28.9%

Note:

Averages shown are equally weighted over all 24 forecasts.

Quarterly percentages are percentages of average quarterly revenue to average annual revenue.

**Exhibit 2**

## Snap Inc. Free Cash Flow Forecast (000)

	31-Mar-15	30-Jun-15	30-Sep-15	31-Dec-15	31-Mar-16	30-Jun-16	30-Sep-16	31-Dec-16
<b>Income Statement</b>								
Revenue (000)	3,920	5,300	16,725	32,718	38,798	71,798	128,204	165,682
Expenses								
Cost of Revenue	20749	40598	56227	64767	75773	94757	127780	153350
Research and Dev.	16587	17259	18989	29400	28098	36052	54562	64964
Sales and Mktg.	3453	5872	8206	9685	14737	24587	34658	50389
General and Admin.	61977	29392	30205	27026	24011	32261	43172	66716
Total Expenses	102766	93121	113627	130878	142619	187657	260172	335419
Operating Income	-98,846	-87,821	-96,902	-98,160	-103,821	-115,859	-131,968	-169,737
Non-operating Inc.	40	-46	-229	83	-993	-939	-1421	-1215
Net Interest Exp.	-194	-332	-475	-398	-359	-871	-1290	-710
Income Before Tax	-98,612	-87,535	-96,656	-97,679	-104,455	-115,927	-132,099	-170,242
Income Tax Expense	0	-7700	0	111	121	-33	-6871	-297
Net Income	-98,612	-79,835	-96,656	-97,790	-104,576	-115,894	-125,228	-169,945
<b>Cash Flow</b>								
Net Income	-98,612	-79,835	-96,656	-97,790	-104,576	-115,894	-125,228	-169,945
Depreciation Exp.	3198	3882	4118	4109	5049	5996	7437	10633
EBITDA	-95,414	-75,953	-92,538	-93,681	-99,527	-109,898	-117,791	-159,312
Beginning Cash Balance								
Ending Cash Balance								987368
<b>Memo</b>								
Accumulated Deficit								-1207862

**Assumptions:**

- 1.) During these years some expenses are paid with stock. This is assumed to become unimportant in the future so no adjustment to cash flow is made in these statements.
- 2.) The small amounts of Net interest Expense and Other Income are ignored in the computation of EBITDA
- 3.) Although Snap has positive cash and marketable securities balances, these are assumed to be unnecessary and are simply reflections of financing activity to date.
- 4.) Snap starts 2017 with a cash balance of \$987 thousand (including marketable securities). So the ending cash balance over time is an indicator of financing need.
- 5.) Ending Cash is calculated as Beginning Cash plus Free Cash Flow.
- 6.) At the end of 2016, Snap has an accumulated deficit of about \$1.208 million (shown below). Once this is offset by earnings, earnings after that point will be fully taxed.
- 7.) The financial information from the balance sheet (below) is used to construct the following financial ratios.

Exhibit 2 (Continued)

**Background Information**

AR/Qtr. Revenue	1.35	0.98
Prepaid Exp/Qtr. Revenue	0.23	0.18
AP/Qtr. Expenses	0.01	0.03
Accrd. Exp./Qtr. Expenses	1.19	0.44
Investment/Ann. Revenue	0.33	0.16

**Balance Sheet**

**Assets**

Current Assets

Cash and Equivalents	640810	150121
Marketable Securities	0	837247
Accounts Receivable	44325	162659
Prepaid Expenses	7429	29958
Total Current Assets	692564	1179985
Property and Equipment	44079	162659
Intangible Assets	43230	75982
Goodwill	133944	319137
Other Assets	25119	47103
Total Assets	938936	1784866

**Liabilities and Equity**

Current Liabilities

Accounts Payable	702	8419
Accrued Expenses	155,556	148325
Total Current Liab.	156258	156744
Other Liabilities	174791	203878

Stockholder Equity

Paid in Capital	1457364	2726776
Accumulated Deficit	-693219	-1207862
Total Equity	764145	1518914
Total Liab. and Equity	938936	1784866

<b>Investments</b>	1568	8473	4352	4812	12452	16421	17192	20376
Total Investments				19205				66441